## Enigma NMS – User Visibility Logic

Enigma NMS system design allows different users to have different visibility rights for "**Nodes**" and "**Clients**" objects.

For example you may require following scenario:

- 1. Users who have visibility of all nodes, regardless of the clients they belong to.
- 2. Users who have visibility of some but not all nodes, which belong to some but not all clients.
- 3. Users who have visibility of nodes, which belong to only their own client.

The user visibility rights are controlled by following relationships:

Node --> Client --- One Node can belong to only one client

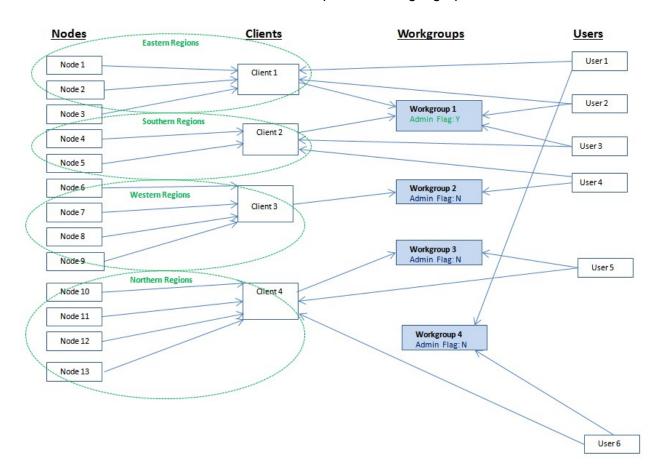
Client --> Workgroup --- One Client can belong to only one workgroup

Person --> Client --- One person can belong to only one client

Person --> Workgroup --- One person can belong to only one workgroup

Workgroup (a.k.a. User Group, a.k.a. Support group) has special flag "Admin Flag" which if set to "Y" allows all members of this workgroup to see nodes for clients, which are linked to other workgroups.

Please consider following scenario, where the entire Enterprise Network Domain needed to be split into four smaller administrative domains based upon different geographical locations:



Where Clients in above diagram are

Client 1 – Eastern Regions

Client 2 – Southern Regions

Client 3 – Western Regions

Client 4 – **Northern Regions** 

\*Note: Object "Client" in Enigma NMS can mean different things, depending on the structure of your organization. In some cases like ISP, "Client" could be the customer you provide services to, or it could one of your administrative domain if you are a large corporation, or if you are a government entity, "Client" could mean one of your internal departments. What criteria you use for "Client" definition is totally up to you.

We have following network support arrangements in place:

- Clients 1 and 2 are supported by Workgroup 1
- Client 3 is supported by Workgroup 2
- Client 4 is supported by Workgroup 3

\*Note: Workgroup 4 does not have any linked clients, so the users who belong to this group will be able to see only the nodes of their respective clients:

- User 1 can see only the Nodes for Client 1
- User 6 can see only the Nodes for Client 4

Workgroup 1 is the "**NMT (Network Management Team)**" with Admin Flag set to "**Y**", members of this group need visibility of the entire network domain.

\*Regardless which clients members of NMT Workgroup belong to, they will have the same visibility rights:

- User 1 belongs to Client 1
- User 2 belongs to Client 2

\*Note: Notifications will be directed according to the following relationship:

**Node** → **Client** → **Workgroup** (a.k.a. Support Group)

You may ask why not all clients are linked to Workgroup 1 (NMT). There could various reasons:

- a. Geographical proximity of Workgroup 1 to the Sites of Clients 1 and 2, while Sites for other clients are closer to location of Workgroups 2 and 3
- b. Destinations for Email Notifications (Workgroup properties) for Clients 3 and 4 need to be different from Clients 1 and 2.
- c. Certain users may need to see the Nodes, which belong to more than one client but not all clients.
  - Please take a look at User 4, who belongs to Client 2 and Workgroup 2. Note that Workgroup 2, which has "**Admin Flag**" set to "**N**" and has only single linked Client 3. Because of that, User 4 can only see Nodes for Client 3 (via Workgroup 2 linkage), and for Client 2, which User 4 directly belongs to.
- d. Organizational separation.

Users 2 and 3 belong to different clients but because they both are members of Workgroup 1 (NTM) with "**Admin Flag**" set to "**Y**" they can see everything.

User 5, who is a member of Workgroup 3, can see only Nodes for Client 4, because not only User 5 belongs to Client 4 but also Client 4 belongs to Workgroup 3, and User 5 is a member of this group.

Workgroup 4 does not have any linked clients and hence members of this group i.e. Users 1 and 6 can see only nodes for their respective clients.

User 1 → can only see Nodes for Client 1 User 6 → can only see Nodes for Client 6

The above logic is used as a filter in all views across the system, so by manipulating these relationships to can create custom visibility rights for all your users.

The same relationships are used for creation of flexible notification logic, which will be covered in the next section.

## Enigma NMS – Alert Notification Logic

This section will explain how the alert notification logic works. There are few prerequisites for the email function to work:

- Properly define DNS Name Servers, which can found under:
  Main Menu → SYSTEM/ADMIN → System Settings → Select DNS Category
  To configure the DNS, please click on "Dns Primary Name Server" and click on Modify Icon
  (Pencil).
  - If you have secondary DNS Name Server to the same for the "Dns Secondary Name Server"
- Properly defined SMTP Gateway, which can found under:
  Main Menu → SYSTEM/ADMIN → System Settings → Select MAIL Category
  To configure the Mail Exchange Server, please change the "Sendmail Smart Relay". Please
  note that it has to be fully qualified domain name and your SMTP Gateway should be
  configured to accept Enigma NMS email.
- 3. Optionally you may need to configure "Sendmail Masquerade As Domain" and "Source Email Address" system setting, which also can be found in the "MAIL" System Settings Category.

Generally email alerts are sent according to the following object relationships:

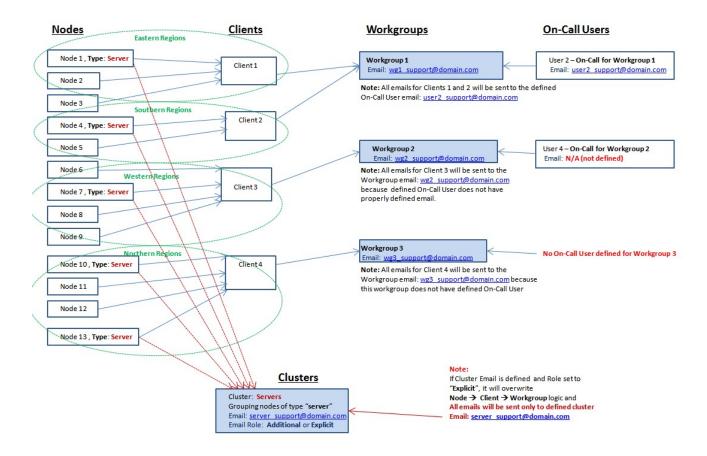
Interface → Node → Client → Workgroup → On-Call User

Above logic can be over-written by the following relationship

- Node → Cluster and/or
- Interface → Cluster

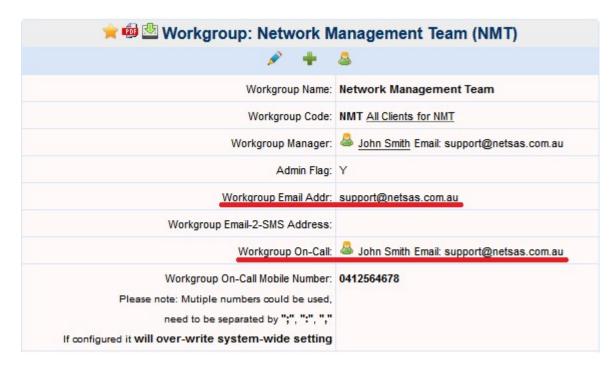
If Enigma cluster, which is Enigma way to group various objects including Clients, Sites, Nodes, Interfaces, Server Processes and Applications has defined "Notification Email Address" field with the Role set to "Explicit".

Please see the following diagram, which is variation of the above diagram, but this time it shows only following object relationships:



Generally email alerts are sent according to the following object relationships:

Interface → Node → Client → Workgroup → On-Call User



Note couple of fields underscored by red line.

If the "Workgroup's On-Call" person is defined and he/she has properly defined email, then all emails will be sent to this person.

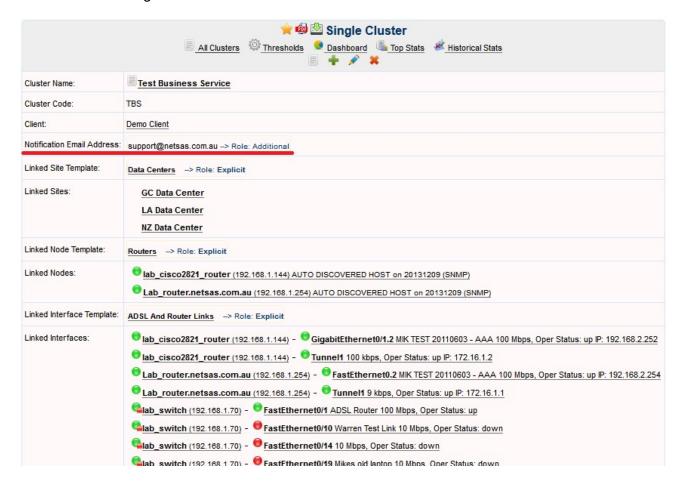
If the "Workgroup's On-Call" is not defined or does not properly email, then emails will be sent to "Workgroup Email Addr" if it is defined.

Above logic can be over-written by the following relationship

- Node → Cluster and/or
- Interface → Cluster

For example, you may have some critical trunks in you network infrastructure which needs to be closely monitored and alerts for which should not be missed and your Level 3 support engineers should be alerted in addition to Level 1 NOC support operators. In this case you will need to group these interfaces into the Cluster and define "Level 3 support engineers" group email address as "Notification Email Address" of this cluster.

## Please see following screenshot:



The "Role" setting will determine how the Cluster "Notification Email Address" field will function.